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Perspectives

Centro de Estudios Interdisciplinarios Básicos y Aplicados en Complejidad CeiBA-Complejidad

Creating a Center of Excellence in Complex-Systems Research for Colombia



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Whence?

Why?

How?

What?

Who?

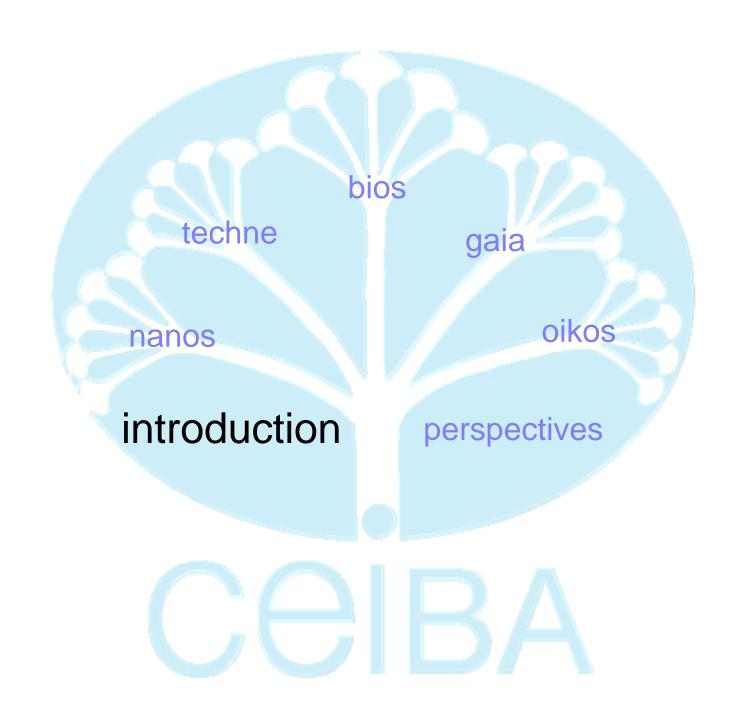
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Whence?

Why? How?

What ?

Who?

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Some history

Since 2004 Colciencias is realizing a program for the creation of centers of excellence in research. This initiative has been made possible by national resources and loans by international institutions. Following a strategic program, the following centers have been implemented till now:

- New materials
- Biotechnology
- Tropical diseases
- Environment
- Culture and institutions



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Why create a center on complexity in Colombia?

As complexity science develops, its focus is shifting from fundamental questions towards more specific and more applied problems, and its range extends towards ever larger and ever smaller scales, thus opening new opportunities for research and innovation in the field.

A host of problems specific to tropical developing countries require approaches based on complexity in order to be solved in a sustainable manner.

Studies in complexity are essentially theoretical in character and therefore easier to finance than any experimentally oriented research.





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Why create a center on complexity in Colombia?

There is an incipient community in Colombia working on complexity, with fresh enthusiasm but lacking a forum to bundle, coordinate, and concentrate these diverse efforts.

Colombia already has a leading position within the Andean and Caribbean regions in research and higher education and therefore suggests itself as a strategic site for a center with regional impact.





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How?

Some existing institutions that serve as **models** for our center:

- Santa Fe Institute (SFI), New Mexico, USA
- Max Planck Institute for the Physics of Complex Systems (MPIPKS), Dresden, Germany
- Brazilian Center for Research in Physics (CBPF), Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

However, our endeavor is different in some important aspects.

- Broad interdisciplinary spectrum of research subjects
- Dedication to problems specific for tropical regions / developing countries
- Emphasis on applications and consulting



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How?

In view of the large number of research groups and their broad thematic spectrum, the center will have a tree structure comprising three levels, the central level, five thematically defined domains -

nanos natural and artificial nanosystems	nanos		natural a	and ar	rtificial n	anosy	stems
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techne technology and industrial processes

bios biological systems, ecosystems, and

biologically-inspired systems

gaia terrestrial, atmospheric, and oceanic processes

in interaction with ecosystems

oikos socio-economic systems

and the 25 individual research groups.



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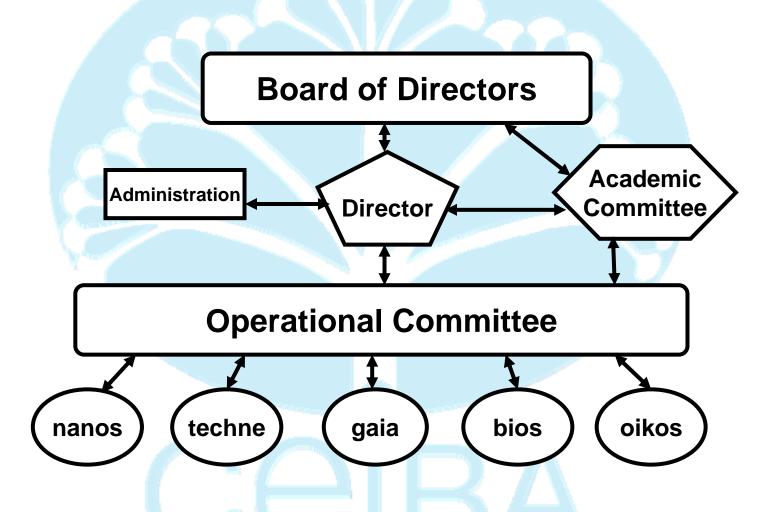
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How?

Administrative structure:





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Who?

The center will be operated as a joint venture of the following institutions (all in Bogota):

- 45% Universidad Nacional de Colombia (UNAL), public
- 45% Universidad de los Andes (UniAndes), private
- 5% Pontificia Universidad Javeriana (PUJ), confessional
- 5% Universidad del Rosario (URosario), confessional

Percentages refer to the number of participating groups as well as to the share in the budget.



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What?

The five-year budget of the center will amount to approximately:

- USD 1.7 millions from Colciencias
- USD 1.7 millions from participating institutions

It will be dedicated principally to:

- 50 % PhD / postdoctoral fellowships
- 15 % events (conferences, summer schools ...) and visitors program
- 15 % equipment and infrastructure
- 20 % administration and maintenance



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What is "nonlinear nanoscience"? Some constituent features:

- Dynamical complexity
 nonlinear dynamics, multistability, bifurcations, chaos, strange attractors,
 structural stability
- Quantum effects
 entanglement, nonlocality, tunneling, localization
 Output
- Stochasticity
 thermal fluctuations, Brownian motion, random forces
- Many-body effects decoherence, dissipation, energy-conversion cascades, collective modes
- Non-equilibrium thermodynamics directed transport, structure formation, energy and information flows, dynamical equilibrium, life



Complex dynamics in nanosystems

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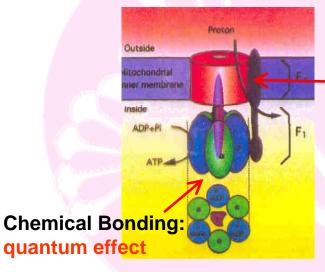
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Schematic structure

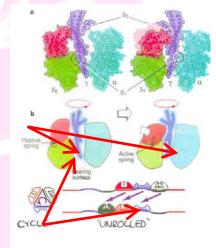


Mechanical model of F1-ATPase

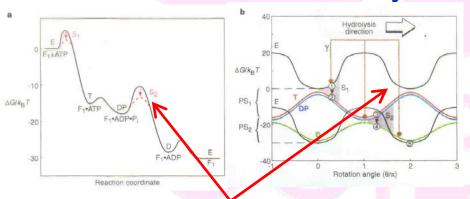
Proton Tunnelling: quantum effect

Collective Modes: many-body effect

Multistability: nonlinear dynamics

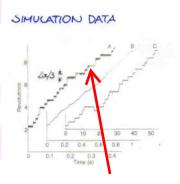


Mechano-Chemical Cycle



Driving Chemical Reaction-Catalysis: non-equilibrium thermodynamics

Simulation Data



Fluctuating Force: stochasticity



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(UDEA)

J. Mahecha

Participating groups and their contribution

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Simulation of Physical Systems (UNAL) J.D. Muñoz		
Chaos and Complexity (UNAL) T. Dittrich		
Quantum Optics and Information (UNAL) K.M. Fonseca		
Theoretical Chemistry (UNAL) E. Daza		
Q. Mech. and Physics of Information (UANDES) A. Botero		
Theoretical Chemistry (UVALLE) J.C. Arce		
Atomic and Molecular Physics		



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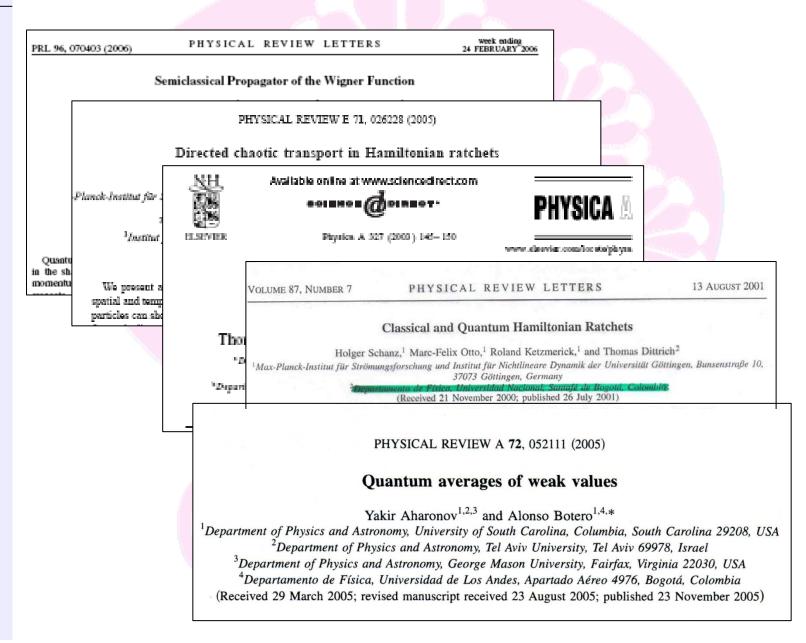
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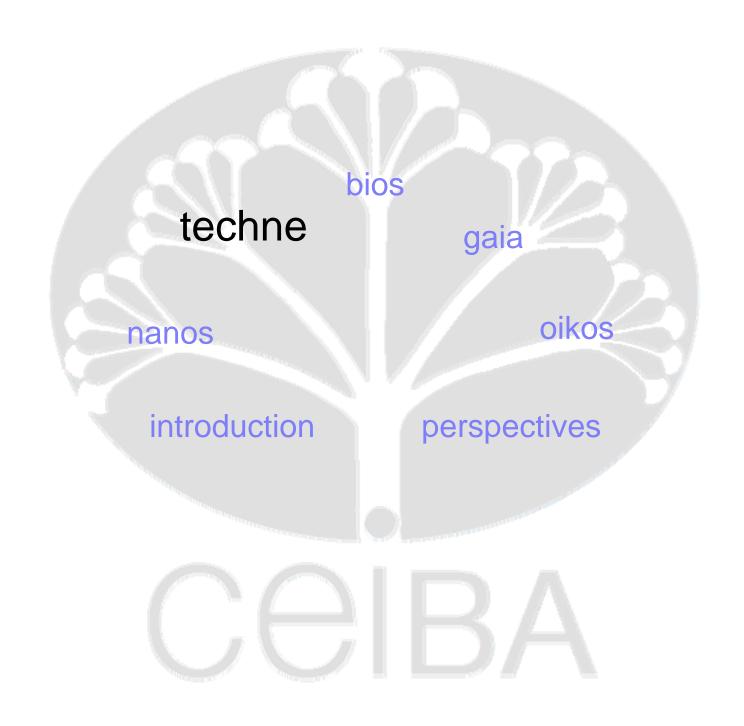
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Materials and processes of industrial and technical interest:

- Granular media
- Chemical processes
- Electronic systems and natural computation
- Operations research and operations management





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Why are they complex? Some constituent features:

Multiscale hierarchies

Micro-macro descriptions, structure formation, fractal structures, collective behaviours

- Nonlinear interactions
 Nonlinear dynamics, bifurcations, chaos
- Nontrivial statistics
 Phase transitions and power laws, stochasticity
- Nonequilibrium thermodynamics
 SOC, irreversible processes, dissipation, energy flows, dynamical equilibrium
- Hierarchical and combinatorial structure
 NP Problems, nonlinear dynamics, network modelling



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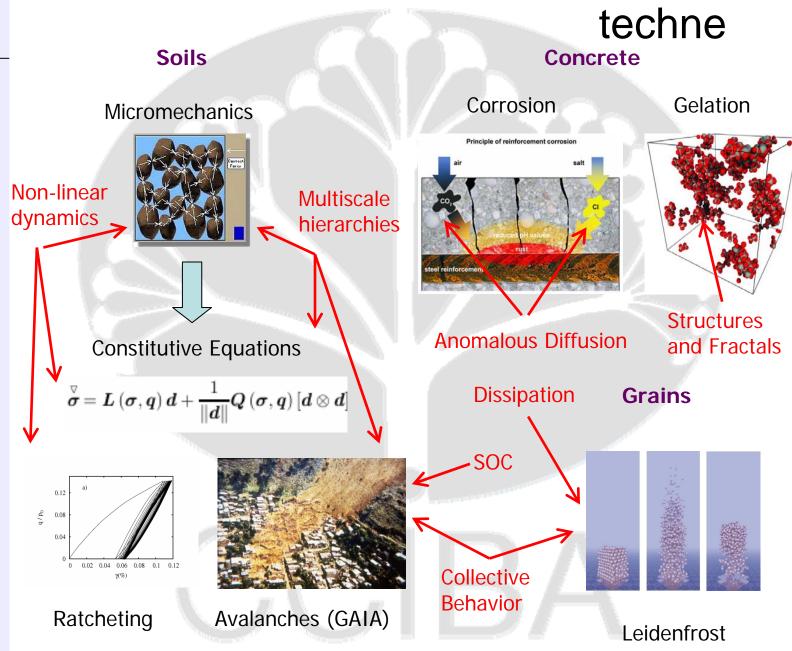
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Participating groups and their contributions

Molecular Dynamics the Helphans of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chair of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chair of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chair of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chair of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chair of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chair of the Chemics of the Chemic

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Simulation of Physical Systems (UNAL- Bogotá) J.D. Muñoz			• •	
Structures and Geothechnics (UNIANDES) A. Lizcano				
PCI (UNAL-Manizales) F. Angulo (G. Olivart)				
TESO (UNIANDES) L. Pinzon (R. Zarama) Production and Logistics -PYLO (UNIANDES)		• •		
J.F. Torres				
Optimization and Applied Probability –COPA (UNIANDES) A.L. Medaglia				
LISI (UNAL-Bogotá) F. González				
GIES (UNAL-Bogotá) K.P. Takeuchi				
Calorimetry and Therm. of Irreversible Proc. (UNAL-Bogotá) D. Barragán				
Complex Particle Systems (UMNG) W.J. Vargas				



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Powders and Grains (2005) – García-Rojo, Herrmann and McNamara (eds) © 2005 Taylor & Francis Group, London, ISBN 0 415 38348 X

A cellular automation for granular media under vibrations

M.P. Sáenz & J.D. Muñoz

Discrete Optimization

A genetic-based framework for solving (multi-criteria) weighted matching problems

Andrés L. Medaglia ^a, Shu-Cherng Fang ^{b,*}

^a Departamento de Ingeniería Industrial, Facultad de Ingeniería, Universidad de los Andes, AA 4976, Bogotá DC, Colombia

Stochastics and Statistics

An efficient and flexible mechanism for constructing membership functions

Abstract

This pa fuzzy sets

Abstract

matching

ordinary

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Fuzzy Sets and Systems 127 (2002) 65-84

FUZZY sets and systems . Wilson

Fuzzy controlled simulation optimization

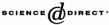
Andrés L. Medaglia, Shu-Cherng Fang *,1, Henry L.W. Nuttle

Department of Industrial Engineering & Graduate Program in Operations Research, North Carolina State University

Abstract



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



RESEARCH

European Journal of Operational Research xxx (2005) xxx-xxx

www.elsevier.com/locate/ejor

EUROPEAN

JOURNAL

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Simulation optimization of desired output. Traditions leviate this problem, the pr

in desired output. Traditions alleviate this problem, the pr is often available among ans can satisfy vaguely stated go generate an approximate Par a fuzzy controller guided by To illustrate this approach w of a tandem of queues with reasoning, are able to gener those obtained with a genetic

Keywords: Approximate re

A multiobjective evolutionary approach for linearly constrained project selection under uncertainty

Andrés L. Medaglia a,*, Samuel B. Graves b, Jeffrey L. Ringuest b

- a Departamento de Ingeniería Industrial & Centro para la Optimización y Probabilidad Aplicada, Universidad de los Andes, Bogota, Colombia
- ^b Operations, Information, and Strategic Management Department, Boston College, Chestmut Hill, MA, USA

Received 13 May 2004; accepted 7 March 2005

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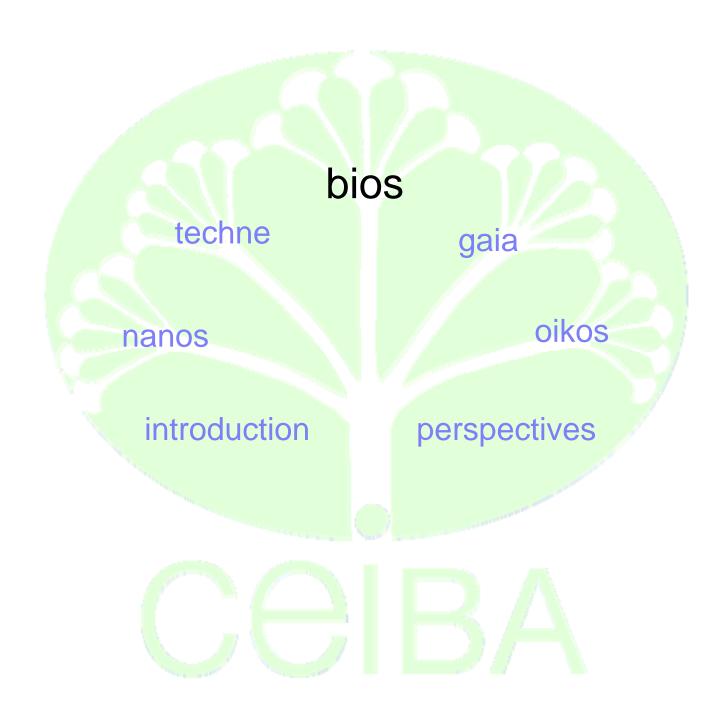
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The human body as a complex system

The human body is a structural and dynamical hierarchy of quasiautonomous agents and systems:

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Structural hierarchy:

- Physical objects (quantum & classical)
- Cells
- Tissues
- Organs
- Physiological systems

Dynamical hierarchy:

- Genome
- Proteome
- Metabolome
- Physiome





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Participating groups

Member groups:

- Biomedical Engineering Group, Universidad de Los Andes
- Animal-plant interactions, Universidad Nacional

Adjoint groups:

- Fundación Cardio Infantil
- Dental Research Center, Universidad Javeriana



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Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol 286: H1223-H1228, 2004. First published November 13, 2003; 10.1152/ajpheart.00666.2003.

Radial displacement of red blood cells during hemodilution and the effect on arteriolar oxygen profile

Juan Carlos Briceño, 1 Pedro Cabrales, 1,2 Amy G. Tsai, 2 and Marcos Intaglietta 2

Marco hemod Heart vember assesse

Modelado de la Pared Arterial como Sistema Complejo: Análisis y Diseño

M. I. Balaguera J., J. C. Briceño T. Grupo de Ingeniería Biomédica, Facultad de Ingeniería, Universidad de los Andes

Rest obteni desarr Sisten Objete Cor estruc Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol 287: H320-H330, 2004; 10.1152/ajpheart.01166.2003.

Oxygen delivery and consumption in the microcirculation after extreme hemodilution with perfluorocarbons

Pedro Cabrales, Amy G. Tsai, John A. Frangos, Juan C. Briceño, and Marcos Intaglietta Department of Bioengineering, University of California-San Diego, La Jolla 92093; La Jolla Bioengineering Institute, La Jolla, California 92037; and Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Los Andes, Bogotá, Colombia

Submitted 9 December 2003; accepted in final form 26 February 2004

Cabrales, Pedro, Amy G. Tsai, John A. Frangos, Juan C. Briceño, and Marcos Intaglietta. Oxygen delivery and consumption in the microcirculation after extreme hemodilution with perfluorocarbons. *Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol* 287: H320–H330, 2004; 10.1152/ajpheart.01166.2003.—The oxygen transport capacity of fluorocarbons was investigated in the hamster chamber window model

fluorocarbons only become miscible with water when emulsified with phospholipids (derived from egg yolk) and therefore are not completely synthetic. Furthermore, whereas Hb carries oxygen via a reversible chemical reaction, fluorocarbons carry oxygen as a function of their solubility; therefore, at the Po₂s



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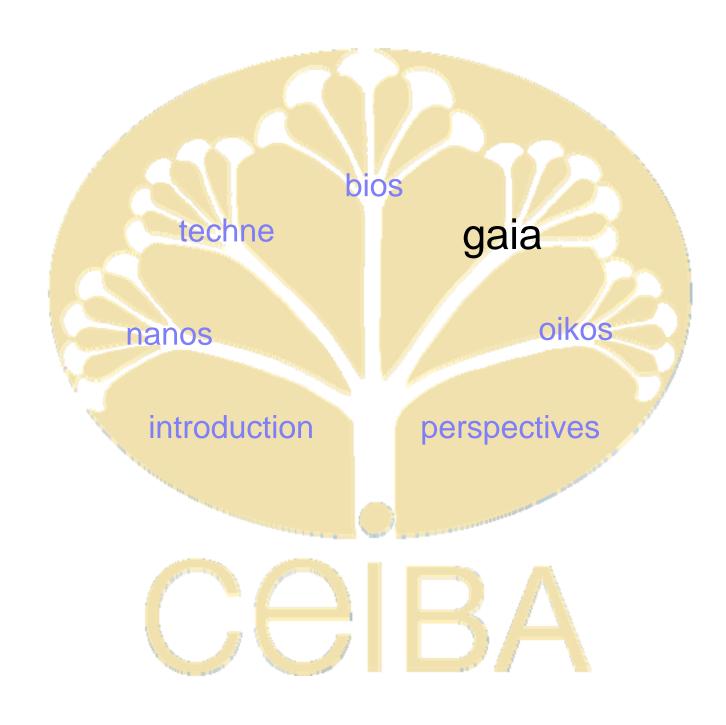
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Study of terrestrial, oceanic, and atmospheric processes and the interaction between different ecosystems with emphasis on:

- non-trivial dynamics
- multiscale hierarchies
- large fluctuations

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Modeling capabilities

The group of researchers involved in GAIA includes modeling experts working in fundamental and applied disciplines as diverse as air quality, vehicle emissions, atmospheric processes, hydrology, hydraulics, hydrogeology, fluid mechanics, hydrodynamics, water quality, Geophysics and geology.

Previous relevant experience

- Bogotá's air quality model (Uniandes).
- Fractal and multi-fractal characterization of Colombian river basins (PUJ).
- Atmospheric mesoscale modeling and projection of climate change scenarios (UNAL).



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CHAOS AND STOCHASTICITY IN DETERMINISTICALLY GENERATED MULTIFRACTAL MEASURES

CARLOS E. PUENTE

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NELSON OBREGÓN

Department of Civil Engineering, Universidad Javeriana, Bogotá, Colombia

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A GEOMETRIC PLATONIC APPROACH TO MULTIFRACTALITY AND TURBULENCE

CARLOS E. PUENTE*

Hydrologic Science, Land, Air and Water Resources, and Institute of Theoretical Dynamics, University of California, Davis, California 95616

NELSON OBREGON[†]

Civil Engineering Department, Pontificia Universidad Javeriana



A large family

Atmospheric Environment 38 (2004) 4291-4303

ATMOSPHERIC ENVIRONMENT

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www.elsevier.com/locate/atmosenv

Measurements of nitrous oxide emissions from light-duty motor vehicles: a pilot study

Eduardo Behrentz^a, Richa

^a Environmental Science and Engineering Progra University of ^b Monitoring and Laboratory Division, Califo

Received

Abstract

Dynamometer testing in conjunction with h of nitrous oxide (N₂O) from a fleet of 37 light were collected for two driving excless the Urb

PROJECTIONS OFF FRACTAL FUNCTIONS: A NEW VISION OF NATURE'S COMPLEXITY

CARLOS E. PUENTE*†, NELSON OBREGON§, OSCAR ROBAYO†,
MARTA G. PUENTE† and DEMIRAY SIMSEK†
†Hydrologic Science, Land, Air and Water Resources,
University of California, Davis, CA 95616
†Institute of Theoretical Dynamics,
University of California, Davis, CA 95616
§ Civil Engineering Department,
Pontificia Universidad Javeriana,
Bogotá, Colombia



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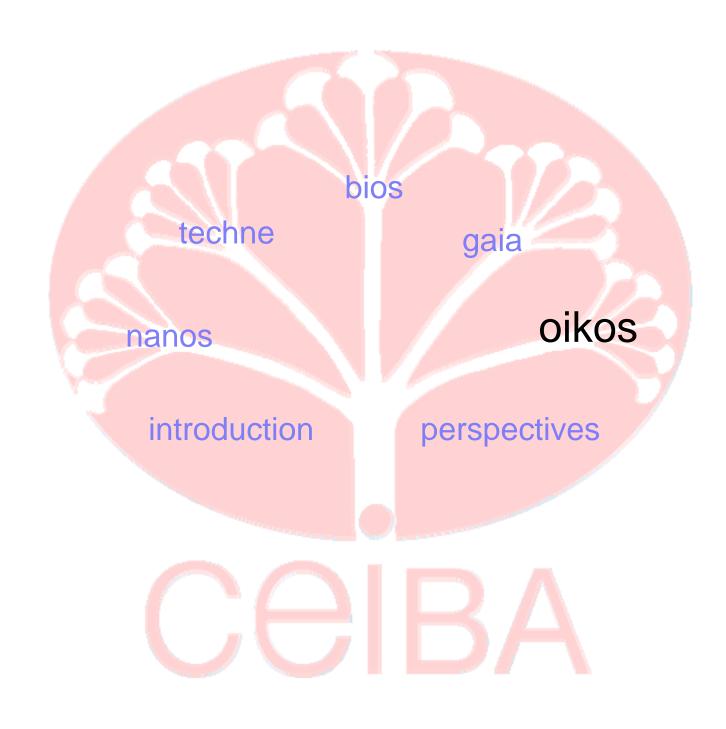
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Complexity in social sciences and macroeconomy

- nonlinearities, feed-backs and nontrivial delays, far from stationary or equilibrium conditions
- non-homogeneous connectivity networks and modular structural arrangements
- non-trivial statistical properties
- emergent organizations
- multiscale hierarchies
- system robustness



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Research topics

- Socio-economic development
- Crime and justice
- Public-policy design
- Public goods and collective action
- Social networks
- Interrelations between these five topics



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Universal patterns underlying ongoing wars and terrorism

Neil F. Johnson^{1,6}, Mike Spagat^{2,6}, Jorge A. Restrepo^{3,6}, Oscar Becerra⁶, Juan Camilo Bohórquez⁴, Nicolas Suárez⁶, Elvira Maria Restrepo^{5,6}, and Roberto Zarama⁴

¹ Department of Physics, University of Oxford, Oxford, U.K.

Journal of the Operational Research Society (2000) 51, 136–144 💢 2000 Operational Research Society Ltd. All rights reserved. 0160-5682/00 \$15.00

http://www.stockton-press.co.uk/jor

Energy modelling platforms for policy and strategy support

Universidad

The energy fi economics di market-based the 'systems-platform for modelling pla implemented ELSEVIE corporate stra

Abstr

Isaac Dyne

Keywords:

Introduction

Available online at www.sciencedirect.com

Agricultural Systems 82 (2004) 307-326

AGRICULTURAL SYSTEMS oikos

www.elsevier.com/locate/agsy

What do people bring into the game?

Designing a linear pension scheme with forced savings and wage heterogeneity

An Experiment on Enforcement Strategies for Managing a Local Environment Resourc James J Murphy; Juan-Camilo Cardenas Journal of Economic Education; Winter 2004; 35, 1; ABI/INFORM Global pg. 47

An Experiment on Enforcement Strategies for Managing a Local Environment Resource

James J. Murphy and Juan-Camilo Cardenas

Abstract: Managing local environmental resources with moderately enforced government regulations can often be counterproductive, whereas nonbinding



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Hopes

- Achieve regional leadership in complexity science
- Attract visitors and students from all over the world, in particular from developing countries
- Provide a model for academic quality within Colombia
- Integrate Colombia in the international complex-systems community

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Threats

- Disintegration of the five domains
- Infection by mediocrity
- Loss of creative vigor, dominance of routine